

Economic Update

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Equity Markets



Global equities rout accelerates in 3Q22 as rate hike and stagflation fears intensify

> Saqer Al-Zayed
Economist
+965 2259 5655
SaqerAlZayed@nbk.com

Highlights

- Global equity markets fell deeper into bear territory in 3Q22, dragged down by rate-hike and recession fears.
- The MSCI AC World index was down 5.3% q/q led by emerging markets especially China. The US S&P500 and DJIA fell 5.3% and 6.7% q/q respectively, hitting lows unseen since 2020.
- GCC markets were mixed but little changed overall in 3Q, amid a modest decline in Saudi Arabia.
- Downside risks to markets remain prominent, given ongoing monetary tightening and stagflation worries. But easing US inflation followed by a shift by the US Fed to a less hawkish stance could be bullish for stocks.

Equity rout deepens in 3Q22 as recession fears intensify

Global equity markets fell deeper into bear territory in 3Q22, hitting lows unseen since late-2020 as inflation, rate hike and recession fears gripped investors. Concerns were compounded by conflicting US economic data, casting doubt over the resilience of the economy to monetary tightening, and the potential for weaker earnings down the line. Further downwards pressure likely came from decade-high interest rates, with the 10-year US treasury yield recently touching 4%, curbing the appetite for risk.

Looking forward, bearish sentiment could prevail until a dovish Fed policy pivot, likely in the event of softer inflation or further economic weakness, especially in the labor market. At present, futures market probabilities suggest that the peak in US policy interest rates may not come until 1Q2023. Downside risks remain prevalent in equity markets not least due to high economic uncertainty, rising interest rates, and stagflation worries, factors which have dealt a heavy blow to sentiment. Falling US real estate prices in response to rising mortgage rates could also affect sentiment going forward.

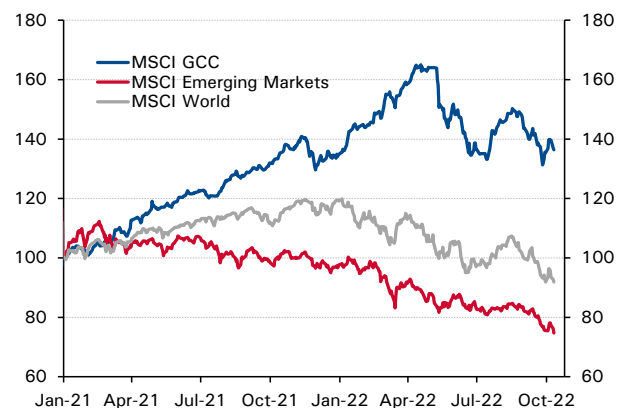
Emerging markets lead losses in Q3 amid high outflows

Global equity markets suffered broad declines in 3Q22, with the MSCI AC World index down 5.3% q/q led by emerging markets (MSCI EM -9.1%), dragged down by China. The Shenzhen CSI lost a steep 15% q/q as economic weakness continued to weigh on sentiment, but also amid an outflow of capital from EMs on dollar strength. US markets also suffered losses, with the S&P500 and DJIA down 5.3% and 6.7% q/q, respectively. The turmoil in the British bond market triggered by tax cut announcements (later recanted) added to investor fears and contributed to the downturn in equity markets. US stock valuations have declined

from elevated levels since the onset of the year, yet could see further adjustments as earnings estimates are revised lower in line with weaker economic growth.

Chart 1: Global equity markets

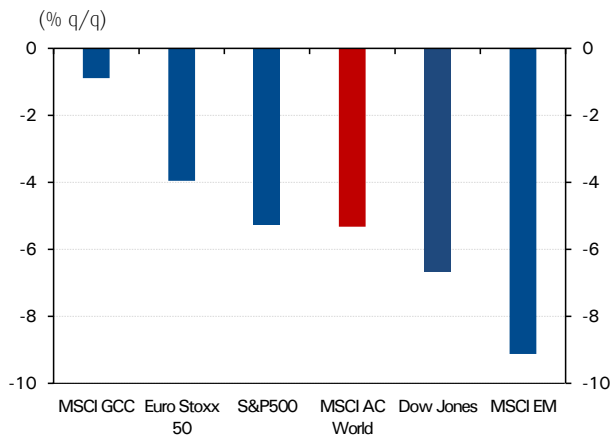
(rebased, 31 December 2020=100)



Source: Refinitiv DataStream, as of Oct 11

Continued monetary tightening (the Fed is expected to raise rates by an additional 100-125 bps before end-2022, with a further hike expected in 1Q23) and the balance sheet reduction target remain major downside risks to equity markets. Signs of weakness have become apparent in consumer, manufacturing, housing and labor market data. A further deterioration would bolster recession fears, and is an added downside risk to markets. However, markets could still take positive cues from this weakness in the event the Fed responds by signaling looser policy, though this is unlikely until inflationary pressures ease as this remains the prime policy target. Moreover, oil market tightness and ongoing supply chain constraints could maintain inflationary pressure, justifying continued Fed hawkishness.

▶ **Chart 2: Global equity markets in 3Q22**



Source: Refinitiv DataStream

GCC equity markets mixed but little changed overall

After the steep downturn of 2Q22 as global risk factors spilled over into regional economies, the third quarter saw a modest pickup in most GCC stock markets, diverging from the negative global trend. Declines in GCC markets were curbed by positive growth outlooks and robust reform momentum in some countries. Despite most markets posting modest gains, the MSCI GCC in Q3 was little changed from the previous quarter, weighed down by a marginal decline in the region’s heavyweight Saudi Arabia, with sentiment dented by easing oil prices, rising interest rates, and the negative global backdrop.

Kuwait recorded the steepest losses, with the All-Share down about 4% q/q as negative sentiment was compounded possibly by political uncertainty amid a cabinet reshuffle and parliamentary elections. Meanwhile, Oman continued to benefit from previously announced market-related reforms in preparation for a potential market classification upgrade, including large privatization plans to enhance market liquidity and diversity. In addition, a recent sovereign rating upgrade (‘BB’ from ‘BB-’) by Fitch boosted investor sentiment, further confirming the country’s improving economic outlook. Year-to date, Abu Dhabi, Oman and Qatar are in the lead, with the former up 15%, vastly outperforming global peers.

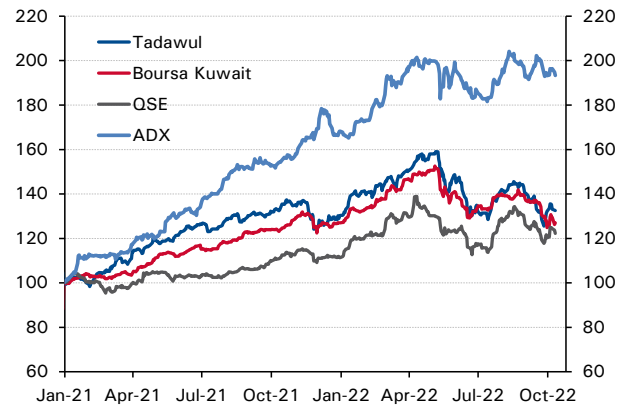
Market outlook remains largely hinged on Fed policy

The outlook for equities continues to depend mostly on Fed policy and its response to inflation and economic data, which have shown signs of easing as of late. The Fed could shift to a less hawkish stance should inflation ease, especially if the labor market weakens, which should be bullish for stocks. On the other hand the Fed could remain steadfast in its hawkishness in the event of persistently high inflation especially if this is coupled with signs of economic resilience such as decent growth and continued labor market tightness. Other downside risks include the selloff in bond markets which has driven yields to multi-year

highs, as well as dollar strength which has pressured other markets and currencies. Finally, GCC markets, despite elevated oil prices and a broadly positive economic outlook, will likely continue to be affected by the performance of global markets and tighter liquidity conditions.

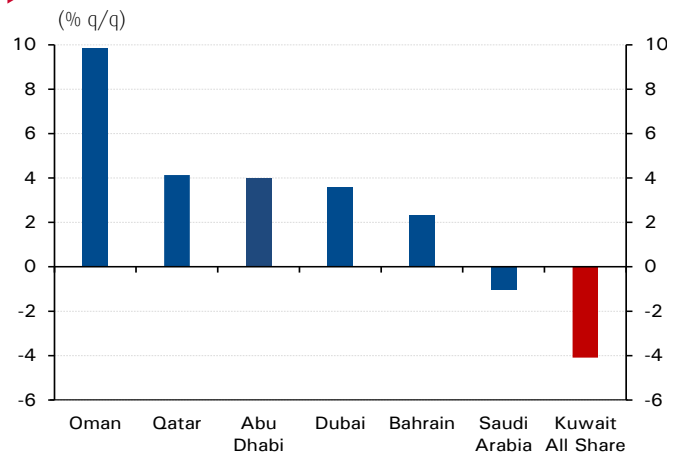
▶ **Chart 3: GCC equity markets**

(rebased 31 December 2020 = 100)



Source: Refinitiv DataStream, as of Oct 11

▶ **Chart 4: GCC equity markets in 3Q22**



Source: Refinitiv DataStream

Head Office

Kuwait

National Bank of Kuwait SAKP
Shuhada Street,
Sharq Area, NBK Tower
P.O. Box 95, Safat 13001
Kuwait City, Kuwait
Tel: +965 2242 2011
Fax: +965 2259 5804
Telex: 22043-22451 NATBANK
www.nbk.com

International Network

Bahrain

National Bank of Kuwait SAKP
Zain Branch
Zain Tower, Building 401, Road 2806
Seef Area 428, P. O. Box 5290, Manama
Kingdom of Bahrain
Tel: +973 17 155 555
Fax: +973 17 104 860

National Bank of Kuwait SAKP
Bahrain Head Office
GB Corp Tower
Block 346, Road 4626
Building 1411
P.O. Box 5290, Manama
Kingdom of Bahrain
Tel: +973 17 155 555
Fax: +973 17 104 860

United Arab Emirates

National Bank of Kuwait SAKP
Dubai Branch
Latifa Tower, Sheikh Zayed Road
Next to Crown Plaza
P.O.Box 9293, Dubai, U.A.E
Tel: +971 4 3161600
Fax: +971 4 3888588

National Bank of Kuwait SAKP
Abu Dhabi Branch
Sheikh Rashed Bin Saeed
Al Maktoom, (Old Airport Road)
P.O.Box 113567, Abu Dhabi, U.A.E
Tel: +971 2 4199 555
Fax: +971 2 2222 477

Saudi Arabia

National Bank of Kuwait SAKP
Jeddah Branch
Al Khalidiah District,
Al Mukmal Tower, Jeddah
P.O Box: 15385 Jeddah 21444
Kingdom of Saudi Arabia
Tel: +966 2 603 6300
Fax: +966 2 603 6318

Lebanon

National Bank of Kuwait
(Lebanon) SAL
BAC Building, Justinien Street, Sanayeh
P.O. Box 11-5727, Riad El-Solh
Beirut 1107 2200, Lebanon
Tel: +961 1 759700
Fax: +961 1 747866

Iraq

Credit Bank of Iraq
Street 9, Building 187
Sadoon Street, District 102
P.O. Box 3420, Baghdad, Iraq
Tel: +964 1 7182198/7191944
+964 1 7188406/7171673
Fax: +964 1 7170156

Egypt

National Bank of Kuwait - Egypt
Plot 155, City Center, First Sector
5th Settlement, New Cairo
Egypt
Tel: +20 2 26149300
Fax: +20 2 26133978

United States of America

National Bank of Kuwait SAKP
New York Branch
299 Park Avenue
New York, NY 10171
USA
Tel: +1 212 303 9800
Fax: +1 212 319 8269

United Kingdom

National Bank of Kuwait
(International) Plc
Head Office
13 George Street
London W1U 3QJ
UK
Tel: +44 20 7224 2277
Fax: +44 20 7224 2101

France

National Bank of Kuwait France SA
90 Avenue des Champs-Élysées
75008 Paris
France
Tel: +33 1 5659 8600
Fax: +33 1 5659 8623

Singapore

National Bank of Kuwait SAKP
Singapore Branch
9 Raffles Place # 44-01
Republic Plaza
Singapore 048619
Tel: +65 6222 5348
Fax: +65 6224 5438

China

National Bank of Kuwait SAKP
Shanghai Office
Suite 1003, 10th Floor, Azia Center
1233 Lujiazui Ring Road
Shanghai 200120, China
Tel: +86 21 6888 1092
Fax: +86 21 5047 1011

NBK Capital

Kuwait

NBK Capital
34h Floor, NBK Tower
Shuhada'a street, Sharq Area
PO Box 4950, Safat, 13050
Kuwait
Tel: +965 2224 6900
Fax: +965 2224 6904 / 5

United Arab Emirates

NBK Capital Limited - UAE
Precinct Building 3, Office 404
Dubai International Financial Center
Sheikh Zayed Road
P.O. Box 506506, Dubai
UAE
Tel: +971 4 365 2800
Fax: +971 4 365 2805

Associates

Turkey

Turkish Bank
Valikonagl CAD. 7
Nisantasi, P.O. Box. 34371
Istanbul, Turkey
Tel: +90 212 373 6373
Fax: +90 212 225 0353

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